

Problems 4, 5 and 6.

Let $S = \{\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \mathbf{v}_3\} = \{(0,1,0), (1,1,1), (0,1,1)\}$

4.
 - a) Show that S forms a basis for \mathbb{R}^3 .
 - b) Transform S into an orthonormal basis for \mathbb{R}^3 .
 - c) Express $\mathbf{v} = (2, -1, 1)$ as a linear combination of the ON basis from part b

5. Find an orthonormal basis for $\text{Span}(S)$ for the set S in problem 2, then find the projection of $\mathbf{v} = (3, 1, 2, 1)$ onto $\text{Span}(S)$.

6. Let $A = [\mathbf{v}_1 \quad \mathbf{v}_2 \quad \mathbf{v}_3]$, find matrices Q and R such that $A = QR$